

Weekend Wiki

— or how to get organized

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Overview

- What's a Wiki?
- How it works (mechanics and code)
- Extra features
- Possible enhancements

What's a Wiki

- From “wiki wiki” — Hawaiian for *quick*
 - Ward Cunningham, 1995
- Allows the creation and editing of web pages using only a browser
- Makes it easy to add links between pages
- Has *shorthand* for markup

Wiki markup

- Varies by implementation. Generally has structural markup (lists, etc.) and ‘inline’ markup (italic and bold emphasis, etc.)

Example:

- * Bulleted list, “italics”
- * ““Bold item”” -- 10^6
- * And a link to [Another Page]

Markup result

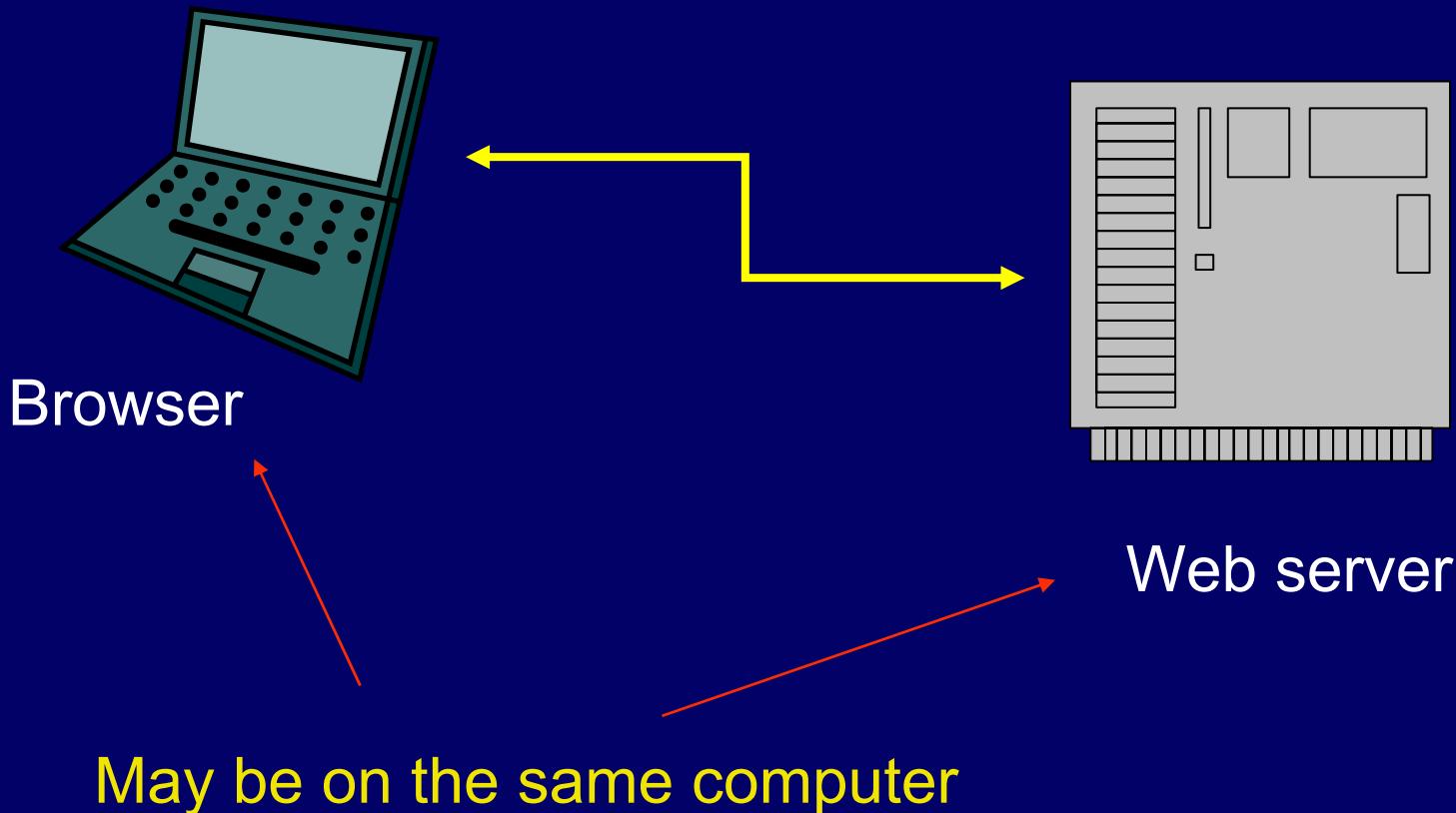
- * Bulleted list, “italics”
- * ““Bold item”” -- 10^6
- * And a link to [Another Page]



- Bulleted list, *italics*
- **Bold item** — 10^6
- And a link to Another Page

(more examples in a moment)

How does a Wiki work?



Demonstration

Why did I write my own?

- Most Wikis are built on databases; I wanted to use plain text files, and integrate Wiki pages with other files, references, *etc.*
- I wanted a common Wiki markup for web pages, my notes, and Wikipedia superset
 - allows off-line Wikipedia edit and preview
- I needed to cover multiple projects, with easy interlinking

Why did I write my own? [2]

- I wanted it to be really fast for core features (pure HTML, no images, no JavaScript)
- I wanted to make ‘publishable’ static snapshots (no need for a web server); see:

<http://www.cary.demon.co.uk/memowiki/>

- I was in a Rexx programming mood ...

Browser & Web Server



.... on the same computer (address is `http://127.0.0.1`)

and the server can be written in REXX ...

A REXX Web server

```
socket=SockSocket("AF_INET", "SOCK_STREAM", "IPPROTO_TCP")
call SockSetSockOpt socket, "SOL_SOCKET", "SO_REUSEADDR", 1
address.!family="AF_INET"
address.!port=80                      -- HTTP well-known port
address.!addr="INADDR_ANY"
rc=SockBind(socket, "address.!")

signal on halt name halted
client='?'
do forever                            -- handle each request

/* ----- see next slide ----- */

end -- forever loop

halted: -- here on Halt break
if client\='?' then call SockClose client
call SockClose socket
```

Incoming HTTP data stream

Request verb, selector, version



POST /Cognition/Glossary HTTP/1.1

Accept: */*

Accept-Language: en-gb

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate

User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0

Host: 127.0.0.1:8087



textinput=abcdef&action=edit

Data
(body of request)

Web server inner loop

```
do forever
rc=SockListen(socket, 1)      -- wait for a client
client=SockAccept(socket, "client.!")
data=''
bytes=SockRecv(client, "data", 1000)
heads=0
do forever                  -- get header lines
  parse var data header.heads ('0d0a'x) data
  say heads':' header.heads
  if header.heads=='' then leave -- reached separator line
  heads=heads+1
end
say 'data: "'data'"          -- body remains in data
reply='<html>Hello, in <b>bold</b>.</html>'
rc=SockSend(client, reply, length(reply))
call SockClose client        -- done with the connection
client='?'                   -- no active client
end -- forever loop
```

```

/* Minimal single-thread HTTP server in Rexx.  MFC 2005. */
-- Load all functions
call rxfuncadd sysloadfuncs, rexxutil, sysloadfuncs
call sysloadfuncs
call rxfuncadd "sockloadfuncs", "rxSock", "sockloadfuncs"
call SockLoadFuncs('quiet')

CRLF='0d0a'x          -- useful

/* Get a socket... */
socket=SockSocket("AF_INET", "SOCK_STREAM", "IPPROTO_TCP")
if socket<0 then do
  say 'SockSocket failed:' socket
  return socket
  end
call SockSetSockOpt socket, "SOL_SOCKET", "SO_REUSEADDR", 1

/* Bind... */
address.!family="AF_INET"
address.!port=80           -- HTTP well-known port
address.!addr="INADDR_ANY"
rc=SockBind(socket, "address.!")
if rc<0 then do
  say 'SockBind failed, errno='SockSock_Error()
  return rc
  end

client='?'
signal on halt name halted

say 'Listening...'

/* Main loop waiting for requests */
do forever

/* Listen for a request... */
rc=SockListen(socket, 1)
if rc\=0 then do
  say 'SockListen error, rc='rc
  return rc
  end

/* Accept a request... */
client=SockAccept(socket, "client.!")
if client=-1 then do
  say 'SockAccept() failed'
  return -1
  end

/* Receive the message... */
data=''
bytes=SockRecv(client, "data", 1000)
if bytes<0 then do
  say 'SockRecv() failed'
  return -1
  end

say client.!family client.!port client.!addr', got:' bytes

-- put header lines into HEADER., with the request in HEADER.0
heads=0
do forever
  parse var data header.heads (crlf) data
  say heads':' header.heads
  if header.heads=='' then leave -- reached separator line
  heads=heads+1
  end
-- here the body of the request (if any) remains in DATA
say 'data: "'data'"'

/* Send a reply... */
reply='<html>'crlf,
      'This is a <b>bold</b> statement.'crlf,
      '</html>'
rc=SockSend(client, reply, length(reply))

call SockClose client  -- done with the connection
client='?'             -- no active client
end -- forever loop

halted: -- here on Halt break

/* Close sockets and TCP/IP */
if client\='?' then call SockClose client
call SockClose socket
call SockDropFuncs
exit

```

How is the Wiki programmed?

- Server receives URL (selector):

/MemoWiki/Markup

Project name

Page name

- May have action, too (up to programmer):

/MemoWiki/Markup?edit

Project and Page names

- Project name is name of a directory (in the MemoWiki data tree)
- Page name is name of a .wiki file stored in the **wiki** subdirectory (or a .ref file in the **refs** subdirectory)

d:\wikiroot\MemoWiki\wiki\Markup.wiki

Safe names

- URLs allow only the characters A-Z, a-z, 0-9, + - * / . _ @ (and + / @ are reserved)
 - cannot really use * and . in file names
 - which leaves only -, _, and alphanumerics
- Use _ for blanks, - for escapes, e.g.:

My_Page

To-2Ddo_ma-A4ana

(To-do mañana)

```

/* -----
/* safe2user - Return human-readable name from safe file/url
/*
/* Arg1 is a safe file/url name
/*
/* See user2safe for details.
/* -----
parse arg safe
safe=translate(safe, ' ', '_')           -- any blanks
out=''
do forever
    p=pos('-', safe)
    if p=0 then leave                   -- no more escapes
    parse var safe pre =(p) +1 hex +2 safe
    if datatype(hex, 'x') then ins=x2c(hex)   -- valid escape
        else ins='-' hex                 -- bad: leave as-is
    out=out||pre||ins
end
return out||safe

/* -----
/* user2safe - Return safe file/url ID given a human-readable name
/*
/* Arg1 is any string
/*
/* URLs allow only the characters + - * / . _ @ and alphanumerics.
/*
/* URIs reserve (of these) + / @
/*
/* Windows files do not safely allow (of these) * and .
/*
/* Therefore only - and _ are available. The transformation we use
/* to generate safe names is therefore:
/*
/* Alphanumerics are unchanged
/* Blanks -> underscore
/* All others -> -xx [hex escape, system page encoding]
/* -----
parse arg data
alphanumb=' abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ1234567890'
out=''
do forever                         -- generate escapes
    v=verify(data, alphanumb)
    if v=0 then leave
    parse var data ok =(v) char +1 data
    if v=1 then ok='''                  -- matched end of string
    out=out||ok'-'c2x(char)
end
return translate(out||data, '_', ' ')

```

ViewPage.rex

- Calls Header to write header to output file (**Markup.html**, in \MemoWiki\#cache)
- Calls RenderPage to render page content
 - which calls wiki2html to generate HTML from the **Markup.wiki** source file
- Writes standard footer to output file
- Returns to server, which sends the output file to the browser

EditPage.rex

- Calls Header to write header to output file
- If previewing, calls RenderPage to render page content
- Adds a text input box with content of the **Markup.wiki** file (form set to use POST)
- Writes standard footer to output file
- Returns to server, which sends the output file to the browser

ReplacePage.rex

- Saves the current **Markup.wiki** file in the archive (\MemoWiki\#archive)
- Writes a new **Markup.wiki** file from the data (body of the request) from the browser
- Cleans the archive for the page (optional)
- Returns to server, which redirects the browser to *view* the page ...

Redirecting the browser

- Sends a ‘302’ response:

```
HTTP/1.0 302 Moved Temporarily
Location: http://127.0.0.1:8087/Memowiki/markup

<!doctype html public "-//IETF//DTD HTML 2.0//EN">
<html><head><title>Moved</title></head>
<body><h2>Document moved...</h2>
<p>This document has moved.
</body></html>
```

(Browsers don't usually show the HTML)

Directory Structure

- **WikiRoot**
 - **#server** web server and .rex files
 - **#temp** for one-off html files
 - **MemoWiki** project directory
 - **wiki** .wiki files
 - **refs** .ref files
 - **files** general files
 - **#cache** re-usable HTML files
 - **#archive** saved (old) pages

Actions (page level)

- View
- Edit
- View printable (no buttons)
- Google (Web or Scholar)
- History of this page
- Links to this page

Actions (project level)

- Go to home page (`/Project/Project`)
- Search pages
- Add or view page ('go to page')
- Add a new reference
- Compact index of pages
- Recently changed pages / pages by date
- Clean up archive
- Build static snapshot

Actions (top level)

- List projects
- Add a new project
- Help (also at lower levels)
 - simply views a page in MemoWiki project
- Explore all
 - also available at project level
- Server maintenance
 - special commands to server

Demonstration

Helper code – num2word

- For better messages, for example:

Five references: bert2006†, fred1998,
fred1999b, rapp2002*, smith2001b.

One reference has its named file missing,
indicated by a † mark. Three references
have no associated file.

num2word

```
/* ----- */  
/* num2word - number, or word for number if 1-10 */  
/*  
/*    Arg1 is an integer */  
/*    Arg2 is 1 if the first letter should be a capital */  
/* ----- */  
num2word:  
  parse arg num, cap  
  if num>10 then return num  
  
  nums='one two three four five six seven eight nine ten'  
  text=word(nums, num)  
  
  if cap\=1 then return text  
  parse var text c1 +1 rest  
  return translate(c1)rest
```

Wiki2html tips

- Outer loop splits out tags, links, and text

```
text <tag> more text [link] remaining text
```

- Tags are passed straight through to output HTML file
- Links are converted to
`content`

Wiki2html tips – text segments

- Text segments are processed by splitting into lines (special characters at start of lines indicate structural markup)
- Structural markup processed as needed (generate headers, lists, *etc.*)
- Text is finally passed to a ‘textout’ routine, which handles inline markup (*italics, etc.*)

Wiki2html tips – text output

- Accents: `fum~e'` → `fumé` → fumé
- then quotes: ‘single’, “double”, it’s
- superscripts: `10^6` → `10⁶` → 10^6
- the rest are easy substitutions:

```
text=changestr('---', text, '&ndash;')
```

Other features one could add...

- Compare page versions ('diff')
- Multiple (identified) users – probably would be worth adding database for that
 - users' preferences, contributions, watchlist
- ... see other Wikis (e.g., Wikipedia) for more ideas

Questions?

For documentation, see:

<http://www.cary.demon.co.uk/memowiki/>

(Google: memowiki)