

# Rexx/WPi

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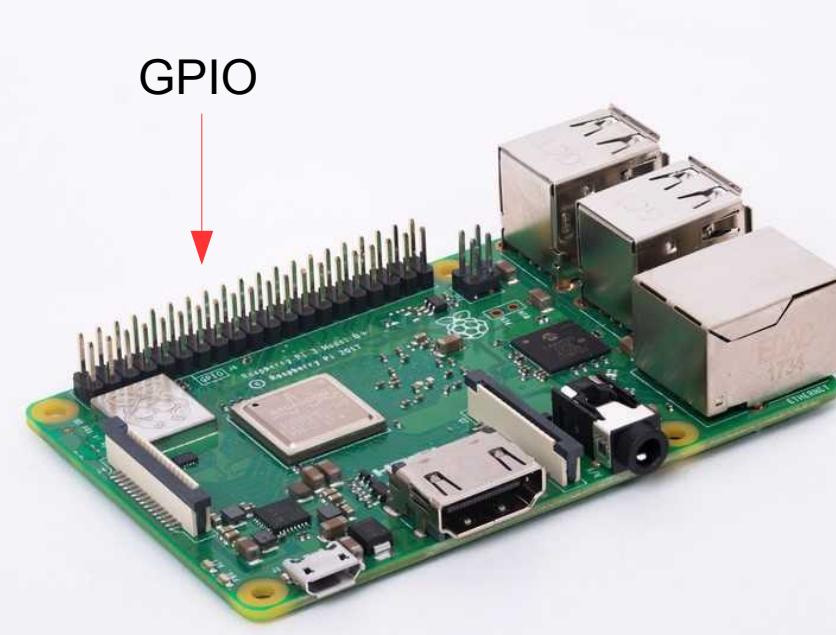
# Rexx/WPi

- Enables a Rexx program to interface with the Raspberry Pi's GPIO digital signal pins
- Uses the Wiring Pi library based on the equivalent Arduino library
- Limited success with other SBCs like Odroid C1



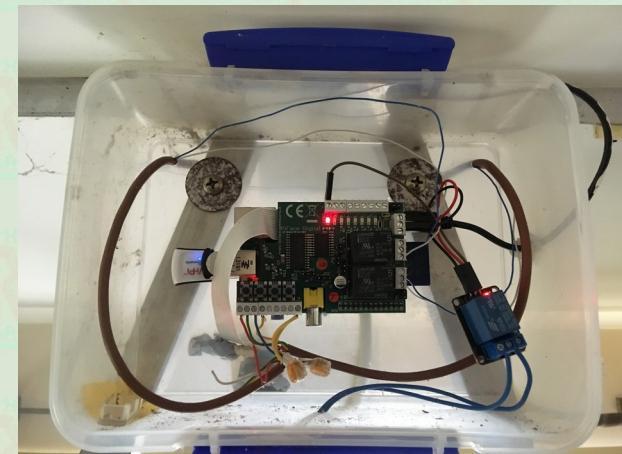
# Raspberry Pi

- Single-Board Computer (SBC) designed and built in the UK
- Costs approx US\$25-US\$35



# Raspberry Pi

- I use a lot of them!



# GPIO Pins

- Three, yes 3 pin numbering schemes!
- Physical, BCM and WiringPi
- GPIO pins can be input or output; user selectable
- Digital signal can be read or written

Raspberry Pi 3 Model B (J8 Header)		
GPIO#	NAME	NAME
		GPIO#
	3.3 VDC Power	2
<b>8</b>	GPIO 8 SDA1 (I2C)	4
<b>9</b>	GPIO 9 SCL1 (I2C)	6
<b>7</b>	GPIO 7 GPCLK0	8
	Ground	10
<b>0</b>	GPIO 0	12
<b>2</b>	GPIO 2	14
<b>3</b>	GPIO 3	16
	3.3 VDC Power	18
<b>12</b>	GPIO 12 MOSI (SPI)	20
<b>13</b>	GPIO 13 MISO (SPI)	22
<b>14</b>	GPIO 14 SCLK (SPI)	24
	Ground	26
<b>30</b>	SDA0 (I2C ID EEPROM)	28
<b>21</b>	GPIO 21 GPCLK1	30
<b>22</b>	GPIO 22 GPCLK2	32
<b>23</b>	GPIO 23 PWM1	34
<b>24</b>	GPIO 24 PCM_FS/PWM1	36
<b>25</b>	GPIO 25	38
	Ground	40

**Attention!** The GPIO pin numbering used in this diagram is intended for use with WiringPi / Pi4J. This pin numbering is not the raw Broadcom GPIO pin numbers.

<http://www.pi4j.com>

# Rexx/WPi - Initialisation

- Call one of the initialisation based on which pin numbering scheme to be used:
  - `WPiWiringPiSetup()` - WiringPi numbers <sup>1</sup>
  - `WPiWiringPiSetupGpio()` - BCM numbers <sup>1</sup>
  - `WPiWiringPiSetupPhys()` - Physical numbers <sup>1</sup>
  - `WPiWiringPiSetupSys()` - BCM Numbers <sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> requires program to be run as root

<sup>2</sup> can run as non-root user but is limited



# Rexx/WPi - Pin Modes

- `WpiPinMode( pin, mode )`
  - `!REXXWPI.!INPUT` - available to read
  - `!REXXWPI.!OUTPUT` - available to write
  - `!REXXWPI.!PWM_OUTPUT` - available for Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) output
  - `!REXXWPI.!GPIO_CLOCK` - available for Clock functions

```
rcode = WPiPinMode( 1, !REXXWPI.!INPUT )
```



# Rexx/WPi - Read and Write

- WpiDigitalRead( pin )

```
rcode = WPiDigitalRead( 1 ) /* read value of pin 1 */
```

*/\* rcode will be 0 (low or off) or 1(high or on) \*/*

- WpiDigitalWrite( pin, state )

```
Call WPiDigitalWrite 1, !REXXWPI.!LOW /* set state of pin 1 to low(0) */
```



# Rexx/WPi - PWM

- Pulse Width Modulation
  - A technique used to encode a message into a pulsing signal. Its main use is to allow the control of the power supplied to electrical devices, especially to inertial loads such as motors
- WpiPwmWrite( pin, step )

```
Do i = 100 To 50 By -1
    Call WPiPwmWrite 13, I
    Call WpiDelay 20
End
```

- *PWM functions have no effect when initialised with WPiwiringPiSetupSys()*
- *To understand more about the PWM system, you'll need to read the Broadcom ARM peripherals manual.*



# Rexx/WPi - PWM Setup

- WpiPwmSetMode( mode )

```
Call WPIDigitalRead !REXXWPI.!PWM_MODE_BAL
```

```
/* mode - one of !REXXWPI.!PWM_MODE_BAL, !REXXWPI.!PWM_MODE_MS */
```

- WpiPwmSetClock( divisor )

```
Call WpiPwmSetClock 192
```

- WpiPwmSetRange( range )

```
Call WPiPwmSetClock 2000
```



# Rexx/WPi - Miscellaneous

- **WpiPiBoard( )**

```
Call WPiPiBoard
```

*/\* sets a number of Rexx compound variables for various details about the board \*/*

- **WpiDelay( milli )**

```
Call WpiDelay 1000 /* sleep for 1 second */
```

- **WpiDelayMicroseconds( micro )**

```
Call WPiDelayMicroseconds 1000000 /* sleep for 1 second */
```



# Rexx/WPi - Code

- victim.rexx
- bandit.rexx



# Questions

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